## YWCA AUSTRALIA ACN 111 663 873

Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their report, together with the consolidated financial report of the Group, being YWCA Australia (the Company) and its controlled entities, for the year ended 30 June 2021.

#### General information

#### **Directors**

The names of the directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

- Helen Conway (Chair from 1 July 2020)
- Julia Goodall (Deputy Chair)
- Juliana Nkrumah AM
- Molly George
- Freya Mulvey
- Kirsty Rourke
- Lina Tchung
- Rebecca Thomas

Renée Wirth Appointed 1 July 2021

Georgina Morphett
 Yasmin Poole
 Khayshie Tilak Ramesh
 Nicole Freeman
 Cara Gleeson
 Lauren Tanner
 Appointed 19 November 2020
 Appointed 19 November 2020
 Resigned 19 November 2020
 Resigned 3 August 2020

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

## **Company secretary**

Kate O'Donohue holds a Masters of Corporate Governance, a Bachelor of Arts, is a fellow of the Governance Institute of Australia and of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (UK) and is a Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

## **Objectives**

The objectives of the Company are:

- to provide benevolent relief to people experiencing poverty, homelessness, violence, or disadvantage, in particular, women and children; and
- to work towards a future where gender equality is a reality.

## Strategies for achieving the objectives

The Company will:

- advance the leadership of young women with lived experience to lead systemic changes in effective housing and social supports to improve the empowerment, wellbeing and safety of young women, women and girls
- provide safe and affordable housing options and associated support services for the relief of homelessness
- provide services for the safety, housing and empowerment of young women, women and girls across urban, regional and remote Australia
- promote gender equality through the social, economic, intellectual and physical empowerment of women, young women and girls
- conduct and promote research and advocacy for the benefit and safety of women, young women and girls; and

be affiliate with and an active, engaged participant and supporter of the work of World YWCA to harness
and develop the collective power of young women and women throughout Australia and to advocate for
young women and women's housing, support services and systems change.

#### **Performance Measures**

The Company measures its performance by meeting the objectives established in the Strategic Plan and budget. Key performance indicators are also established and monitored both internally and as a comparison to external benchmarks.

## Principal activities

During the year, the principal activities of the Company consisted of the provision of services for the safety, housing and empowerment of young women, women and girls across Australia.

## Contributions on winding up

YWCA Australia is a Company limited by guarantee. In the event of, and for the purpose of winding up of the Company, the amount capable of being called up from each member and any person who ceased to be a member in the year prior to the winding up, is limited to \$10, subject to the provisions of the Company's constitution.

Total amount that members of the Company are collectively liable to contribute if the Company is wound up is \$39,364, based on 3,964 members (2020: \$23,300, based on 2,330 members).

## Operating results for the year

The consolidated deficit of the Group amounted to \$3,298,229 (2020 deficit: \$2,935,314).

## Events after the reporting date

The Company entered into an agreement of sale for its property located at 179 Cleveland Street, Redfern for the sum of \$15,050,000 and executed a Put and Call Option Deed on 7 November 2019. The carrying value of the property is \$11,500,000. The purchaser exercised the Call option to purchase the property on 6 August 2020 and paid a 10% deposit. The Contract for Sale and Purchase of the property was exchanged on 26 August 2020. The purchaser paid an extension fee equal to 5% of the purchase price on 30 September 2020 and another 10% of the purchase price on 6 April 2021. The final settlement occurred on 6 August 2021.

The impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic is ongoing and while it has had negative financial impact during the year, it is not practicable to estimate the potential impact, positive or negative, after the reporting date. The situation is frequently changing and is dependent on measures imposed by the Australian Government and other countries, such as vaccination, maintaining social distancing requirements, quarantine, travel restrictions and any economic stimulus that may be provided.

Except for the above, no other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or could significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

## **Environmental issues**

The Group's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory of Australia.

#### **Board of directors**

The directors of the Company hold common membership on the boards of Company's controlled entities.

## **Helen Conway**

Non-executive director and Chair

Qualifications BA, B. Laws, FAICD

Experience Helen is an experienced director, senior executive and lawyer who has worked in a range of organisations in commercial, public and not-for-profit sectors including in the

insurance, transport, energy, retailing, education, health and construction industries. She is a governance expert, able to manage particularly sensitive regulatory issues, and

an experienced spokesperson.

With an established track record in undertaking volunteer work in the not-for-profit sector, Helen is passionate about giving back to the community. She has a long-standing commitment to women's rights and gender equality including through many pro-bono committee and volunteer roles focusing on women's issues and is a member

of Chief Executive Women.

Helen is particularly passionate about leading and undertaking transformational change in organisations, something she did in her role as CEO of the Australian Government's

Workplace Gender Equality Agency from 2011 and 2015.

## **Molly George**

Non-executive director

Member of the Finance, Audit and Risk Committee

Qualifications BA (Fine Arts), GC Social Impact (In Progress)

Experience Molly is a creative, curious and perceptive Social Impact professional. She has

contributed extensively to the not-for-profit sector in both paid and voluntary capacities. Molly currently works as a Program Advisor at the Alannah and Madeline Foundation, and has previously worked at SYN Media in various positions. She was Youth Representative at the Community Broadcasting Association of Australia (CBAA) from 2018-19, and a 2019 Foundation for Young Australians (FYA) 'Young Social Pioneer' for her proposal to improve governance diversity and inclusion policies and practices. She is also a coach and mentor for the Community Media Training Organisation and

People of Purpose.

Molly has been a non-executive Director at YWCA Australia from 2019, and a non-executive director at YWCA Housing and YWCA National Housing since 2020. She currently sits on the Finance, Audit and Risk Committee and previously on the People,

Culture and Governance Committee.

## Julia Goodall

Non-executive director and Deputy Chair Member of the Young Women's Council

Qualifications BSc – Animal Science

Experience Julia designs social impact initiatives with people-centred approaches, curiosity and

optimism. Julia is the Strategy and Impact Manager of Humanitech, a think+do tank which seeks to harness the power of technology for good. Julia has previously project managed Red Cross's humanitarian response to COVID-19, led Red Cross SA Emergency Services team and launched youth resilience co-design projects into the

South Australian Emergency Management sector.

In a voluntary capacity, Julia led the transition of Big Week Out, a community service organisation to become sustainably 100% youth led.

Julia has served as a Director of YWCA Australia since 2018, a member of the Young Women's Council since 2019 and a Director of YWCA Housing and YWCA National Housing since 2020, having previously collaborated with YWCA Adelaide on youth resilience and leadership projects. Julia's governance experience includes committee service for women's leadership organisation Spence Club, Lockington Horse Trials, the Pony Club Association of SA and in Ex. Officio capacity for the Red Cross South Australian Youth Advisory Committee.

## **Georgina Morphett**

Non-executive director (appointed 19 November 2020) Member of the Finance, Audit and Risk Committee

Qualifications

B Law, B Arts (Politics and International Studies), Master of Law (in progress)

Experience

Georgina is an experienced board director with nine years' experience across non-executive directorships and government advisory roles, including as a chairperson. Georgina was raised in a rural farming community and believes strongly that no woman should be disadvantaged by her location, particularly in relation to access to services. She brings a rural and gendered lens to decision-making and has a specific interest in women's policy, and women's involvement in governance.

Georgina was elected as an inaugural member of the YWCA Australia Young Women's Council in 2018 and was previously a member of the YWCA Adelaide Nominations Committee.

Georgina currently works in the Australian Public Service and has experience in litigation, in-house legal, program management and service delivery. She is currently also a director on the board of Global Voices and the board of Youth Law Australia.

## Freya Mulvey

Non-executive director

Member of the Nominations Committee

Qualifications

B Media, B Law

Experience

Freya is a commercial lawyer from Darwin in the Northern Territory, and a passionate advocate for gender equality.

Her proudest girl power moment came when she shared Amy Cuddy's messaging on body language and power posing with her colleagues from West Timor and started a safe and constructive discussion about gender inequality in the workplace and changing the power dynamics in their professional lives.

In 2018, Freya was voted in as an inaugural member of YWCA Australia's Young Women's Council, contributing to the YWCA movement and vision of a better future for Australian women, young women and girls. Freya believes that through the collective agency of YWCA's member base, we will continue to accelerate the advancement of gender equality and empowerment of women.

## Juliana Nkrumah AM

Non-executive director

Qualifications

MSc. Sociology; BSc Hons Sociology and Social Anthropology, Diploma in Management - Police Women's Leadership Program

Experience

Juliana Nkrumah AM is the Domestic Violence Project Manager at Settlement Services International. She was the leader on programs to Stop the practice of Female Genital Mutilation in NSW and influenced similar work across Australia. She also coordinated the Multicultural Community Liaison Officer Program in the NSW Police Force for over a decade.

Juliana founded African Women Australia and has served on several Boards to improve the status of women, including the Board of YWCA NSW, Australian National Committee on Refugee Women, Act for Peace, African Ministerial Committee, Harmony Alliance and the Eminent Australians Committee to review the Australian Citizenship Test. She is also a highly recognised inspirational public speaker.

Juliana was awarded Membership of the Order of Australia for her work in the community and was the winner of Woman of the West from University of Western Sydney in 2007.

## Yasmin Poole

Non-executive director (appointed 19 November 2020)

Qualifications

B Law, B International Relations (in progress)

Experience

Yasmin is an award-winning speaker, writer and youth advocate. She is Plan International's National Ambassador and champions the importance of young women being heard in Australia's political conversations. She has also been a commentator on national television programs such as Q+A, The Drum and The Project.

Yasmin has established herself as a leading youth voice. She is the Non-Executive Board Director of OzHarvest, Australia's leading food rescue charity, and formerly the Chair of the Victorian Government's Youth Congress, representing over a million young Australians.

In 2019, Yasmin was the youngest member of the Australian Financial Review 100 Women of Influence and Top 40 Under 40 Most Influential Asian Australians. She was also named the 2021 Youth Influencer of the Year by Martin Luther King Jr Center. Yasmin is currently undertaking a Bachelor of Laws/International Relations at the Australian National University.

#### Khayshie Tilak Ramesh

Non-executive director (appointed 19 November 2020) Member of the Nominations Committee

Qualifications

B Law (Hons), GDLP, Certificate of Mediation Accreditation

Experience

Khayshie is passionate advocate for youth, multiculturalism and diverse representation at influential decision-making tables. She is an experienced board director, youth mentor, accredited lawyer and is the Multicultural Youth Commissioner of Victoria.

Khayshie's expertise in governance, risk and strategy, alongside her lived experience has created value within a number of organisations including Ambulance Victoria, ARCJustice, Inaugural City of Greater Bendigo Youth Council and various State government appointments. As a pioneer of youth leadership within the community, her

long standing dedication has been recognised through accolades including Young Citizen of the Year, Law Student of the Year 2019, Premier's Volunteer Champion 2019 and being named in the top 100 future leaders of Australia.

### **Kirsty Rourke**

Non-executive director

Member of the Finance, Audit and Risk Committee

Qualifications LLB (Hons), B Com, GDLP, Grad Dip Property Valuation and Development, GAICD

Experience Kirsty Rourke is the CEO of the City of Brisbane Investment Corporation Pty Ltd,

Brisbane City Council's Urban Wealth Fund. Kirsty has significant property investment expertise and was formerly a property lawyer at Holding Redlich. In her role as CEO, Kirsty is focused on targeting environmentally sustainable, socially beneficial

investments that will deliver profit back to Brisbane.

Kirsty was appointed as a Young Woman Director of YWCA Queensland in 2014 and YWCA Australia in 2015 and continued to serve on those Boards until the merger in May 2018. Subsequently, in June 2018, Kirsty was appointed to the YWCA National Housing Board and YWCA Housing Board and in 2020 was reappointed to the YWCA Australia Board. Kirsty is passionate about young women's leadership and providing women and families with access to long term, stable accommodation.

## Lina Tchung

Non-executive director

Member of the Finance, Audit and Risk Committee

Qualifications CA, B. Business (Management)/Commerce

Experience Lina is a Chartered Accountant, working as an auditor with a broad background in

finance, audit, risk and governance.

Lina joined Macquarie Group in 2019 as a Division Director in Internal Audit. She previously worked as a Director at EY in the financial services assurance practice. Having spent 17 years at EY, Lina specialised as an external auditor in wealth and asset management and worked in both Sydney and San Francisco.

Lina was appointed as an U30 Director of YWCA NSW in 2009 and continued to serve on the Board, Finance, Risk and Compliance Committee and later as a strong advocate on the NSW Merger Committee until the organisations integrated on 1 June 2018. Lina is also the treasurer of Immigration Advice & Rights Centre.

## Rebecca Thomas

Non-executive director

Member of the Finance, Audit and Risk Committee

Qualifications B. Sc (Hons.), Investment Management Certificate

Experience Rebecca is a banking and funds management professional with deep experience in

debt and equity financing, having led large scale investments across both Europe and Australia over the last 15 years. In her current role of Executive Director, Impact Investing at Social Ventures Australia, Rebecca is responsible for a number of funds

investing into the for-purpose sector.

Rebecca joined the YWCA Housing and YWCA National Housing Boards in November 2019 and was appointed to the YWCA Australia Board in May 2020. Rebecca also

volunteers with TwoGood, a social enterprise that works with women at risk of homelessness.

#### Renée Wirth

Non-executive Director (appointed 1 July 2021)

Qualifications

Bachelor of Planning, Master of Development Studies, GAICD

Experience

Renée is passionate about affordable housing as a feminist issue and has spent her career working on policies, programs and initiatives to increase the supply of social and affordable housing for the community.

Renée has over 19 years' experience in managing the planning and delivery of social and affordable housing including roles in the NSW Government, UK Government, local councils and the not-for-profit community housing industry. She currently works in the executive team of St George Community Housing, the largest community housing provider operating in Sydney with 7,000 social and affordable homes under management.

Through a range of roles, Renée has gained experience developing government policies for social and affordable housing, delivering affordable housing through the planning system, funding and financing mechanisms for affordable housing, compliance and regulatory settings for community housing and developing and executing strategic growth initiatives. She is also an Australasian Housing Institute Senior Professional.

## **Directors' meetings**

Directors	Meet	ings
	Entitled to attend	Attended
Helen Conway	9	7
Nicole Freeman	4	4
Molly George	9	9
Cara Gleeson	4	4
Julia Goodall	9	8
Georgina Morphett	5	4
Freya Mulvey	9	9
Juliana Nkrumah	9	6
Yasmin Poole	5	4
Khayshie Tilak Ramesh	5	4
Kirsty Rourke	9	8
Lina Tchung	9	8
Rebecca Thomas	9	9

#### Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

The only indemnities given, or insurance premiums paid, during or since the end of the financial year, for any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of YWCA Australia, are those in accordance with statutory regulations, and specifically, *the Corporations Act*.

## Auditor's independence declaration

RSM Australia ('RSM') is the auditor of the Company and its subsidiaries. A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 60-40 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 is set out on page 9.

Director: Lina Tchung

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.

Director: Helen Conway

Dated this day 14th day of October 2021



#### **RSM Australia Partners**

Level 13, 60 Castlereagh Street Sydney NSW 2000 GPO Box 5138 Sydney NSW 2001

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#### **AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION**

As lead auditor for the audit of the consolidated financial report of YWCA Australia for the year ended 30 June 2021, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the section 60-40 of the *Australian Charities and Not-For-Profits Commission Act 2012* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

**RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS** 

Gary Sherwood

R5M

Partner

Sydney, NSW

Dated: 14 October 2021

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021	2020
Revenue and other income		\$	\$
Revenue	3	23,281,982	29,337,338
Other income	3	9,057,420	2,607,612
Total revenue and other income		32,339,402	31,944,950
Expenses			
Administrative expense		(1,751,448)	(1,685,894)
Brand and communication expense		(177,587)	(258,681)
Cost of sales	4	(3,818,869)	(4,736,044)
Employee benefits expense		(16,028,438)	(20,164,583)
Finance costs	4	(78,555)	(192,962)
Information technology expense		(1,356,979)	(1,938,976)
Loss on revaluation of land and buildings	11	(6,340,683)	-
Motor vehicle expense		(189,934)	(285,632)
Property, service and utilities expense		(2,942,108)	(3,012,476)
Total expenses before depreciation and amortisation		(32,684,601)	(32,275,248)
Deficit before depreciation, amortisation and income tax expense		(345,199)	(330,298)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	4	(2,953,030)	(2,605,016)
Income tax expense	2(c)	-	-
Deficit for the year		(3,298,229)	(2,935,314)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of financial assets	8	1,988,596	(354,887)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year		1,988,596	(354,887)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(1,309,633)	(3,290,201)

## YWCA Australia ACN 111 663 873 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

ASSETS         \$         \$           CURRENT ASSETS         2,065,898         1,923,544           Trade and cash equivalents         5         2,065,898         1,923,544           Trade and other receivables         6         993,071         1,825,559           Inventories         7         47,589         62,488           Financial assets         8         5,101,455         2,952           Asset held for sale         1(n)         11,500,000         11,500,000           Other assets         9         341,488         305,491           TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS         9         341,488         305,491           TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS         8         14,812,371         12,946,846           Property, plant and equipment         11         82,128,260         89,075,834           Intangibles         10         1,072,935         892,315           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         10         1,072,935         892,315           TOTAL ASSETS         2,230,019         2,739,955           Deposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500         -           Employee benefits         13         1,218,075 <td< th=""><th></th><th>Note</th><th>2021</th><th>2020</th></td<>		Note	2021	2020
Cash and cash equivalents         5         2,065,898         1,923,544           Trade and other receivables         6         993,071         1,825,559           Inventories         7         47,589         62,488           Financial assets         8         5,101,455         1,495,295           Asset held for sale         1(n)         11,500,000         11,500,000           Other assets         9         341,483         305,491           TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS         9         341,483         305,491           NONCURRENT ASSETS         8         14,812,371         12,946,846           Property, plant and equipment         11         82,128,260         89,075,834           Intangibles         10         1,072,935         892,315           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         118,063,067         120,027,372           LIABILITIES         2,230,019         2,739,955           Deposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500         -           Employee benefits         13         1,218,075         1,370,770           Lease liability         7,882,086	ASSETS		\$	\$
Trade and other receivables Inventories         6         993,071         1,825,559           Inventories         7         47,589         62,488           Financial assets         8         5,101,455         1,495,295           Asset held for sale         1(n)         11,500,000         11,500,000           Other assets         9         341,488         305,491           TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS         20,049,501         17,112,377           NONCURRENT ASSETS         8         14,812,371         12,946,846           Property, plant and equipment         11         82,128,260         89,075,834           Intangibles         10         1,072,935         892,315           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         118,063,067         120,027,372           LIABILITIES         2         2,230,019         2,739,955           Totade and other payables         12         2,230,019         2,739,955           Deposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500         -           Employee benefits         13         1,218,075         1,370,770           Lease liability	CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories	Cash and cash equivalents	5	2,065,898	1,923,544
Financial assets         8         5,101,455         1,495,295           Asset held for sale         1(n)         11,500,000         11,500,000           Other assets         9         341,488         305,491           TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS         20,049,501         17,112,377           NONCURRENT ASSETS         8         14,812,371         12,946,846           Property, plant and equipment intangibles         10         1,072,935         892,315           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         118,063,067         120,027,372           LIABILITIES         12         2,230,019         2,739,955           Deposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500         -           Employee benefits         13         1,218,075         1,370,770           Lease liability         784,745         723,903           Contract liabilities         14         2,895,790         3,047,458           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         13,781,346         7	Trade and other receivables	6	993,071	1,825,559
Asset held for sale         1(n)         11,500,000         11,500,000           Other assets         9         341,488         305,491           TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS         20,049,501         17,112,377           NONCURRENT ASSETS         10         10,72,935         89,075,834           Financial assets         8         14,812,371         12,946,846           Property, plant and equipment intangibles         10         1,072,935         892,315           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         118,063,067         120,027,372           LIABILITIES         CURRENT LIABILITIES         2,230,019         2,739,955           Toposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500            Employee benefits         13         1,218,075         1,370,770           Lease liability         784,745         723,903           Contract liabilities         14         2,895,790         3,047,458           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         1,161,377         1,223,821           Employee benefits         13	Inventories	7	47,589	62,488
Other assets         9         341,488         305,491           TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS         20,049,501         17,112,377           NONCURRENT ASSETS         Financial assets         8         14,812,371         12,946,846           Property, plant and equipment         11         82,128,260         89,075,834           Intangibles         10         1,072,935         892,315           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         2,230,019         2,739,955           CURRENT LIABILITIES         12         2,230,019         2,739,955           Torade and other payables         12         2,230,019         2,739,955           Deposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500            Employee benefits         13         1,218,075         1,370,770           Lease liability         784,745         723,903           Contract liabilities         14         2,895,790         3,047,458           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         3         415,556         508,818           TOTAL NO	Financial assets	8	5,101,455	1,495,295
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS         20,049,501         17,112,377           NONCURRENT ASSETS         8         14,812,371         12,946,846           Property, plant and equipment Intangibles         10         1,072,935         892,315           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         118,063,067         120,027,372           LIABILITIES         CURRENT LIABILITIES           Trade and other payables         12         2,230,019         2,739,955           Deposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500            Employee benefits         13         1,218,075         1,370,770           Lease liability         784,745         723,903           Contract liabilities         14         2,895,790         3,047,458           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         15         2,204,413         5,712,422           Lease liability         1,161,377         1,223,821           Employee benefits         13         415,556         508,818           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         3,781,346         7,445,061 <t< td=""><td>Asset held for sale</td><td>1(n)</td><td>11,500,000</td><td>11,500,000</td></t<>	Asset held for sale	1(n)	11,500,000	11,500,000
NONCURRENT ASSETS           Financial assets         8         14,812,371         12,946,846           Property, plant and equipment         11         82,128,260         89,075,834           Intangibles         10         1,072,935         892,315           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         118,063,067         120,027,372           LIABILITIES           Trade and other payables         12         2,230,019         2,739,955           Deposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500         -           Employee benefits         13         1,218,075         1,370,770           Lease liability         784,745         723,903           Contract liabilities         14         2,895,790         3,047,458           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         15         2,204,413         5,712,422           Lease liability         1,161,377         1,223,821           Employee benefits         13         415,556         508,818           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         3,781,346         7,445,061           TOTAL LIABILITIES         3,781,346	Other assets	9	341,488	305,491
Financial assets         8         14,812,371         12,946,846           Property, plant and equipment         11         82,128,260         89,075,834           Intangibles         10         1,072,935         892,315           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         118,063,067         120,027,372           LIABILITIES           Trade and other payables         12         2,230,019         2,739,955           Deposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500         -           Employee benefits         13         1,218,075         1,370,770           Lease liability         784,745         723,903           Contract liabilities         14         2,895,790         3,047,458           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         5         2,204,413         5,712,422           Lease liability         1,161,377         1,223,821           Employee benefits         13         415,556         508,818           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         3,781,346         7,445,061           TOTAL LIABILITIES         14,672,475         15,327,147           NET ASSETS	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		20,049,501	17,112,377
Property, plant and equipment Intangibles         11         82,128,260         89,075,834           Intangibles         10         1,072,935         892,315           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         118,063,067         120,027,372           LIABILITIES         CURRENT LIABILITIES           Trade and other payables         12         2,230,019         2,739,955           Deposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500         -           Employee benefits         13         1,218,075         1,370,770           Lease liability         784,745         723,903           Contract liabilities         14         2,895,790         3,047,458           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         1,161,377         1,223,821           Employee benefits         13         415,556         508,818           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         3,781,346         7,445,061           TOTAL LIABILITIES         14,672,475         15,327,147           NET ASSETS         104,700,225           EQUITY	NONCURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment Intangibles         11         82,128,260         89,075,834           Intangibles         10         1,072,935         892,315           TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         118,063,067         120,027,372           LIABILITIES         CURRENT LIABILITIES           Trade and other payables         12         2,230,019         2,739,955           Deposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500            Employee benefits         13         1,218,075         1,370,770           Lease liability         784,745         723,903           Contract liabilities         14         2,895,790         3,047,458           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         1,161,377         1,223,821           Employee benefits         13         415,556         508,818           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         3,781,346         7,445,061           TOTAL LIABILITIES         3,781,346         7,445,061           TOTAL LIABILITIES         14,672,475         15,327,147	Financial assets	8	14,812,371	12,946,846
Intangibles	Property, plant and equipment	11		
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS         98,013,566         102,914,995           TOTAL ASSETS         118,063,067         120,027,372           LIABILITIES           Trade and other payables         12         2,230,019         2,739,955           Deposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500         -           Employee benefits         13         1,218,075         1,370,770           Lease liability         784,745         723,903           Contract liabilities         14         2,895,790         3,047,458           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         15         2,204,413         5,712,422           Lease liability         1,161,377         1,223,821           Employee benefits         13         415,556         508,818           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         3,781,346         7,445,061           TOTAL LIABILITIES         14,672,475         15,327,147           NET ASSETS         103,390,592         104,700,225           EQUITY           Reserves         16         5,143,685         3,155,089           Retained surpluses         98,246,907         101,545,136		10		
TOTAL ASSETS         118,063,067         120,027,372           LIABILITIES           CURRENT LIABILITIES         12         2,230,019         2,739,955           Deposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500         -           Employee benefits         13         1,218,075         1,370,770           Lease liability         784,745         723,903           Contract liabilities         14         2,895,790         3,047,458           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         5,712,422           Lease liability         1,161,377         1,223,821           Employee benefits         13         415,556         508,818           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         3,781,346         7,445,061           TOTAL LIABILITIES         3,781,346         7,445,061           TOTAL LIABILITIES         14,672,475         15,327,147           NET ASSETS         103,390,592         104,700,225           EQUITY           Reserves         16         5,143,685         3,155,089           Retained surpluses         98,246,907         101,545,136	•			
LIABILITIES         CURRENT LIABILITIES       12       2,230,019       2,739,955         Deposit on asset held for sale       1(n)       3,762,500       -         Employee benefits       13       1,218,075       1,370,770         Lease liability       784,745       723,903         Contract liabilities       14       2,895,790       3,047,458         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       10,891,129       7,882,086         NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       2,204,413       5,712,422         Lease liability       1,161,377       1,223,821         Employee benefits       13       415,556       508,818         TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       3,781,346       7,445,061         TOTAL LIABILITIES       14,672,475       15,327,147         NET ASSETS       103,390,592       104,700,225         EQUITY         Reserves       16       5,143,685       3,155,089         Retained surpluses       98,246,907       101,545,136				
CURRENT LIABILITIES         Trade and other payables       12       2,230,019       2,739,955         Deposit on asset held for sale       1(n)       3,762,500       -         Employee benefits       13       1,218,075       1,370,770         Lease liability       784,745       723,903         Contract liabilities       14       2,895,790       3,047,458         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       10,891,129       7,882,086         NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       15       2,204,413       5,712,422         Lease liability       1,161,377       1,223,821         Employee benefits       13       415,556       508,818         TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       3,781,346       7,445,061         TOTAL LIABILITIES       14,672,475       15,327,147         NET ASSETS       103,390,592       104,700,225         EQUITY       Reserves       16       5,143,685       3,155,089         Retained surpluses       98,246,907       101,545,136				, ,
Trade and other payables       12       2,230,019       2,739,955         Deposit on asset held for sale       1(n)       3,762,500       -         Employee benefits       13       1,218,075       1,370,770         Lease liability       784,745       723,903         Contract liabilities       14       2,895,790       3,047,458         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       10,891,129       7,882,086         NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       5,712,422         Lease liability       1,161,377       1,223,821         Employee benefits       13       415,556       508,818         TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       3,781,346       7,445,061         TOTAL LIABILITIES       14,672,475       15,327,147         NET ASSETS       103,390,592       104,700,225         EQUITY         Reserves       16       5,143,685       3,155,089         Retained surpluses       98,246,907       101,545,136	LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables       12       2,230,019       2,739,955         Deposit on asset held for sale       1(n)       3,762,500       -         Employee benefits       13       1,218,075       1,370,770         Lease liability       784,745       723,903         Contract liabilities       14       2,895,790       3,047,458         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       10,891,129       7,882,086         NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       5,712,422         Lease liability       1,161,377       1,223,821         Employee benefits       13       415,556       508,818         TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       3,781,346       7,445,061         TOTAL LIABILITIES       14,672,475       15,327,147         NET ASSETS       103,390,592       104,700,225         EQUITY         Reserves       16       5,143,685       3,155,089         Retained surpluses       98,246,907       101,545,136	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deposit on asset held for sale         1(n)         3,762,500         -           Employee benefits         13         1,218,075         1,370,770           Lease liability         784,745         723,903           Contract liabilities         14         2,895,790         3,047,458           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         5,712,422           Lease liability         1,161,377         1,223,821           Employee benefits         13         415,556         508,818           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         3,781,346         7,445,061           TOTAL LIABILITIES         14,672,475         15,327,147           NET ASSETS         103,390,592         104,700,225           EQUITY           Reserves         16         5,143,685         3,155,089           Retained surpluses         98,246,907         101,545,136		12	2,230,019	2,739,955
Employee benefits       13       1,218,075       1,370,770         Lease liability       784,745       723,903         Contract liabilities       14       2,895,790       3,047,458         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       10,891,129       7,882,086         NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       5,712,422         Lease liability       1,161,377       1,223,821         Employee benefits       13       415,556       508,818         TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       3,781,346       7,445,061         TOTAL LIABILITIES       14,672,475       15,327,147         NET ASSETS       103,390,592       104,700,225         EQUITY         Reserves       16       5,143,685       3,155,089         Retained surpluses       98,246,907       101,545,136	·	1(n)		, , -
Lease liability       784,745       723,903         Contract liabilities       14       2,895,790       3,047,458         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       10,891,129       7,882,086         NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       15       2,204,413       5,712,422         Lease liability       1,161,377       1,223,821         Employee benefits       13       415,556       508,818         TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       3,781,346       7,445,061         TOTAL LIABILITIES       14,672,475       15,327,147         NET ASSETS       103,390,592       104,700,225         EQUITY       Reserves       16       5,143,685       3,155,089         Retained surpluses       98,246,907       101,545,136	•	` ,		1,370,770
Contract liabilities         14         2,895,790         3,047,458           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         5,712,422           Borrowings         15         2,204,413         5,712,422           Lease liability         1,161,377         1,223,821           Employee benefits         13         415,556         508,818           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         3,781,346         7,445,061           TOTAL LIABILITIES         14,672,475         15,327,147           NET ASSETS         103,390,592         104,700,225           EQUITY           Reserves         16         5,143,685         3,155,089           Retained surpluses         98,246,907         101,545,136	• •			
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         10,891,129         7,882,086           Borrowings         15         2,204,413         5,712,422           Lease liability         1,161,377         1,223,821           Employee benefits         13         415,556         508,818           TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         3,781,346         7,445,061           TOTAL LIABILITIES         14,672,475         15,327,147           NET ASSETS         103,390,592         104,700,225           EQUITY           Reserves         16         5,143,685         3,155,089           Retained surpluses         98,246,907         101,545,136	•	14		
Borrowings       15       2,204,413       5,712,422         Lease liability       1,161,377       1,223,821         Employee benefits       13       415,556       508,818         TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       3,781,346       7,445,061         TOTAL LIABILITIES       14,672,475       15,327,147         NET ASSETS       103,390,592       104,700,225         EQUITY         Reserves       16       5,143,685       3,155,089         Retained surpluses       98,246,907       101,545,136	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings       15       2,204,413       5,712,422         Lease liability       1,161,377       1,223,821         Employee benefits       13       415,556       508,818         TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       3,781,346       7,445,061         TOTAL LIABILITIES       14,672,475       15,327,147         NET ASSETS       103,390,592       104,700,225         EQUITY         Reserves       16       5,143,685       3,155,089         Retained surpluses       98,246,907       101,545,136	NONCLIBRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liability       1,161,377       1,223,821         Employee benefits       13       415,556       508,818         TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       3,781,346       7,445,061         TOTAL LIABILITIES       14,672,475       15,327,147         NET ASSETS       103,390,592       104,700,225         EQUITY         Reserves       16       5,143,685       3,155,089         Retained surpluses       98,246,907       101,545,136		15	2.204.413	5.712.422
Employee benefits       13       415,556       508,818         TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES       3,781,346       7,445,061         TOTAL LIABILITIES       14,672,475       15,327,147         NET ASSETS       103,390,592       104,700,225         EQUITY         Reserves       16       5,143,685       3,155,089         Retained surpluses       98,246,907       101,545,136	<u> </u>	-		
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES         3,781,346         7,445,061           TOTAL LIABILITIES         14,672,475         15,327,147           NET ASSETS         103,390,592         104,700,225           EQUITY           Reserves         16         5,143,685         3,155,089           Retained surpluses         98,246,907         101,545,136		13		
TOTAL LIABILITIES NET ASSETS         14,672,475         15,327,147           EQUITY         103,390,592         104,700,225           Reserves Retained surpluses         16         5,143,685         3,155,089           Retained surpluses         98,246,907         101,545,136	• •			
NET ASSETS         103,390,592         104,700,225           EQUITY         Teserves         16         5,143,685         3,155,089           Retained surpluses         98,246,907         101,545,136				
EQUITY         Reserves       16       5,143,685       3,155,089         Retained surpluses       98,246,907       101,545,136				
Reserves       16       5,143,685       3,155,089         Retained surpluses       98,246,907       101,545,136			,,	,
Retained surpluses 98,246,907 101,545,136	EQUITY			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Reserves	16	5,143,685	3,155,089
TOTAL EQUITY 103,390,592 104,700,225	Retained surpluses		98,246,907	101,545,136
	TOTAL EQUITY		103,390,592	104,700,225

YWCA Australia ACN 111 663 873 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2021	Retained Surpluses	Financial Asset Reserve	Trust and Tied Funds	Total Reserve	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2020	101,545,136	1,478,484	1,676,605	3,155,089	104,700,225
Deficit for the year	(3,298,229)	-	-	-	(3,298,229)
Net fair value movements for investment in financial assets FVOCI*	-	1,664,419	324,177	1,988,596	1,988,596
Balance at 30 June 2021	98,246,907	3,142,903	2,000,782	5,143,685	103,390,592

2020	Retained Surpluses	Financial Asset Reserve	Trust and Tied Funds	General Reserve	Capital Profits Reserve (Adelaide)	Specific Purpose Reserve (Victoria)	Molly Griffith Legacy Reserve	Timor Leste Committee Reserve	National Young Women's Program Reserve	Encore Programme Reserve	Total Reserve	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2019	101,791,480	1,833,371	1,394,450	376,000	2,429,298	175,582	3,000	2,487	2,666	33,123	6,249,977	108,041,457
Deficit for the year	(2,935,314)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,935,314)
Net fair value movements for investment in financial assets FVOCI	-	(354,887)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(354,887)	(354,887)
Reclassification of reserves to retained surplus	2,688,970	-	(42,814)	-	(2,429.298)	(175,582)	(3,000)	(2,487)	(2,666)	(33,123)	(2,688,970)	-
Transfer (to) from contract liabilities		-	324,969	(376,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(51,031)	(51,031)
Balance at 30 June 2020	101,545,136	1,478,484	1,676,605	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,155,089	104,700,225

This statement should be read in conjunction with the notes to the consolidated financial statements

<sup>\*</sup>FVOCI: Fair value through other comprehensive income

YWCA Australia ACN 111 663 873 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from customers		29,577,663	31,431,566
Refund of stamp duty from NSW State Revenue	3(a)	3,419,083	-
Payments to suppliers and employees		(27,052,250)	(32,551,596)
Interest paid		(46,743)	(138,275)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	26	5,897,753	(1,258,305)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of financial assets	8	(8,610,000)	(15,218,137)
Proceeds from sale of financial assets	8	5,126,912	13,728,169
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	11	(1,283,717)	(1,166,850)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		17,272	-
Deposit received on asset held for sale	1(n)	3,762,500	-
Purchase of intangible assets	10	(503,322)	(441,948)
Net cash used in investing activities	<del>-</del>	(1,490,355)	(3,098,766)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from (repayment of) borrowings		(3,508,009)	2,000,000
Repayment of lease liability		(757,035)	(780,644)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>-</u>	(4,265,044)	1,219,356
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held	_	142,354	(3,137,715)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year		1,923,544	5,061,259
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of financial year	=	2,065,898	1,923,544

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

YWCA Australia is a not-for-profit limited by guarantee company, registered and domiciled in Australia.

The 2021 consolidated financial report covers YWCA Australia (the Company) and its controlled entities ('the Group'). Each of the entities within the Group prepare their financial statements based on the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (functional currency). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

The financial report was authorised for issue by those charged with governance on 14 October 2021.

## 1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standard Board (AASB), International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for not-for-profit oriented entities.

The Group entities are not-for-profit entities for financial reporting purposes under the Australian Accounting Standards. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected noncurrent assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

When required by accounting standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in accounting standards for the current financial year.

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

#### a. Basis for consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial position and performance of controlled entities from the date on which control is obtained until the date that control is lost.

Intragroup assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cashflows relating to transactions between entities in the consolidated entity have been eliminated in full for the purpose of these financial statements.

Appropriate adjustments have been made to a controlled entity's financial position, performance and cash flows where the accounting policies used by that entity were different from those adopted by the consolidated entity. All controlled entities have a June financial year end.

A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

## b. New or amended accounting standards and interpretations adopted

The Company has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period. The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the Company.

## Early adoption of standards

The Company has not elected to adopt any pronouncements early.

#### c. Income tax

The Company and its subsidiaries are exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.* 

#### d. Revenue from contracts

Revenue is recognised when the amount of the revenue can be measured reliably, and it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group. Specific criteria relating to the type of revenue as noted below, has been satisfied.

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company is expected to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. For each contract with a customer, the Company identifies the contract with a customer; identifies the performance obligations in the contract; determines the transaction price which takes into account estimates of variable consideration and the time value of money; allocates the transaction price to the separate performance obligations on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service to be delivered; and recognises revenue when or as each performance obligation is satisfied in a manner that depicts the transfer to the customer of the goods or services promised.

Variable consideration within the transaction price, if any, reflects concessions provided to the customer such as discounts, rebates and refunds, any potential bonuses receivable from the customer and any other contingent events. Such estimates are determined using either the 'expected value' or 'most likely amount' method. The measurement of variable consideration is subject to a constraining principle whereby revenue will only be recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. The measurement constraint continues until the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. Amounts received that are subject to the constraining principle are recognised as a refund liability.

## Grant revenue

Grant revenue is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the entity obtains control of the grant; it is probable that the economic benefits gained from the grant will flow to the entity and the amount of the grant can be measured reliably. When grant revenue is received whereby the entity incurs an obligation to deliver economic value directly back to the contributor, this is considered a reciprocal transaction and the grant revenue is recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability until the service has been delivered to the contributor, otherwise the grant is recognised as income on receipt.

The Group receives non-reciprocal contributions of assets from the government and other parties for zero or a nominal value. These assets are recognised at fair value on the date of acquisition in the statement of financial position, with a corresponding amount of income recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### Government grants

Government grants other than Job Keeper subsidy are considered income arising in the course of the Company's ordinary activities. Job Keeper subsidy is not considered income arising in the course of ordinary activities and consequently is has been classified as other income.

If conditions are attached to the grant which must be satisfied before the Company is eligible to retain the contribution, the grant will be recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability until those conditions are satisfied.

## Donations and bequests

Donations and bequests are recognised as revenue when received, unless those donations and bequests are conditioned and made for specific programs in which case such donations and bequests are recorded as reserves in the balance sheet and recognised as revenue when those specific activities are undertaken.

## Rendering of services

Revenue in relation to rendering of services is recognised depending on whether the outcome of the services can be estimated reliably. If the outcome can be estimated reliably then the stage of completion of the services is used to determine the appropriate level of revenue to be recognised in the period.

If the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, then the revenue is recognised to the extent of expenses recognised that are recoverable.

#### Hotel revenue

Revenue from the provision of accommodation and related services such as food and beverages, parking and other miscellaneous services at hotel properties is recognised in the period in which accommodation or service is provided, or the goods sold.

## e. Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST.

Cash flows in the statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as an operating cash flow.

#### f. Inventories

Finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value on a 'first in first out' basis. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts received or receivable. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

## g. Property, plant and equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

## Land and buildings

Land and buildings are shown at fair value, based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation and impairment for buildings. The valuations are undertaken more frequently if there is a material change in the fair value relative to the carrying amount. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset. Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited in other comprehensive income through to the asset revaluation reserve in equity. Any revaluation decrements are initially taken in other comprehensive income through to the asset revaluation reserve to the extent of any previous revaluation surplus of the same asset. Thereafter the decrements are taken to profit or loss

All commercial land and buildings are valued once every three years. The commercial land and buildings were last valued in June 2021. All other non-commercial land and buildings were historically valued once every five years. From 2021, all non-commercial land and buildings are valued annually using a mix of full valuation and indexation methodology. A rolling 12-month median is used to value land and buildings selected for valuation based on indexation methodology.

### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured using the cost model.

## h. Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the Group, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

Where there is an uncertainty around the useful life, residual values, and expected condition of an asset, management will make a judgement around the useful life and depreciate the asset accordingly.

Leased assets and leasehold improvements are amortised over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or their estimated useful life.

The following useful lives are applied:

Buildings: 40 years
Plant and equipment: 3-10 years
Furniture, fixtures and fittings: 5 years
Motor vehicles: 3 years
Lease hold improvements: Term of lease

## Derecognition policy / gain or loss on disposal

An item of property plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no further economic benefit to the Company. Gain and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

## Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the Group expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The Company has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

## i. Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days. The Company has applied the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

## j. Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination, other than goodwill, are initially measured at their fair value at the date of the acquisition. Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. Indefinite life intangible assets are not amortised and are subsequently measured at cost less any impairment. Finite life intangible assets are subsequently measured at cost less amortisation and any impairment. The gains or losses recognised in profit or loss arising from the derecognition of intangible assets are measured as the difference between net disposal

proceeds and the carrying amount of the intangible asset. The method and useful lives of finite life intangible assets are reviewed annually. Changes in the expected pattern of consumption or useful life are accounted for prospectively by changing the amortisation method or period.

The following useful lives are applied:
Software
3 years

#### k. Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Bank overdrafts also form part of cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows and are presented within current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

#### m. Investment and other financial assets

Investments and other financial assets, other than investments in associates, are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs are included as part of the initial measurement, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Such assets are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value depending on their classification. Classification is determined based on both the business model within which such assets are held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset unless an accounting mismatch is being avoided.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. When there is no reasonable expectation of recovering part or all of a financial asset, its carrying value is written off.

## Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income include equity investments which the Company intends to hold for the foreseeable future and has irrevocably elected to classify them as such upon initial recognition.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are either measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. The measurement of the loss allowance depends upon the Company's assessment at the end of each reporting period as to whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, based on reasonable and supportable information that is available, without undue cost or effort to obtain.

Where there has not been a significant increase in exposure to credit risk since initial recognition, a 12-month expected credit loss allowance is estimated. This represents a portion of the asset's lifetime expected credit losses that is attributable to a default event that is possible within the next 12 months. Where a financial asset has become credit impaired or where it is determined that credit risk has increased significantly, the loss allowance is based on the asset's lifetime expected credit losses. The amount of expected credit loss recognised is measured on the basis of the probability-

weighted present value of anticipated cash shortfalls over the life of the instrument discounted at the original effective interest rate. For financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the loss allowance is recognised within other comprehensive income. In all other cases, the loss allowance is recognised in profit or loss.

## n. Noncurrent assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale

Noncurrent assets and assets of disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continued use. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs of disposal. For noncurrent assets or assets of disposal groups to be classified as held for sale, they must be available for immediate sale in their present condition and their sale must be highly probable.

An impairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write down of the noncurrent assets and assets of disposal groups to fair value less costs of disposal. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs of disposal of noncurrent assets and assets of disposal groups, but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised.

Noncurrent assets are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of assets held for sale continue to be recognised. Noncurrent assets classified as held for sale and the assets of disposal groups classified as held for sale are presented separately on the face of the statement of financial position, in current assets. The liabilities of disposal groups classified as held for sale are presented separately on the face of the statement of financial position, in current liabilities.

#### Assets held for sale

The Company entered into an agreement of sale for its property located at 179 Cleveland Street, Redfern valued at \$11,500,000 for the sum of \$15,050,000 and executed a Put and Call Option Deed on 7 November 2019. The purchaser exercised the Call option to purchase the property on 6 August 2020 and paid a 10% deposit. The Contract for Sale and Purchase of the property was exchanged on 26 August 2020. The purchaser paid an extension fee (further deposit) equal to 5% of the purchase price on 30 September 2020 and another 10% of the purchase price on 6 April 2021. The final settlement occurred on 6 August 2021.

## o. Employee benefits

Provision is made for the Company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be wholly settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Employee benefits expected to be settled more than one year after the end of the reporting period have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy vesting requirements. Cashflows are discounted using market yields on high quality corporate bond rates incorporating bonds rated AAA or AA by credit agencies, with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cashflows. Changes in the measurement of the liability are recognised in profit or loss.

#### p. Fair value measurement

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified into three levels, using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. Classifications are reviewed at each reporting date and transfers between levels are determined based on a reassessment of the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

For recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements, external valuers may be used when internal expertise is either not available or when the valuation is deemed to be significant. External valuers are selected based on market knowledge and reputation. Where there is a significant change in fair value of an asset or liability from one period to another, an analysis is undertaken, which includes a verification of the major inputs applied in the latest valuation and a comparison, where applicable, with external sources of data.

## q. Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature, they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

## r. Borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### s. Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the company's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index, or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

### t. Finance costs

Finance costs attributable to qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the asset. All other finance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

## u. Contract liabilities

Contract liabilities represent the Company's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer and are recognised when a customer pays consideration, or when the Company recognises a receivable to reflect its unconditional right to consideration (whichever is earlier) before the Company has transferred the goods or services to the customer.

#### v. Current and noncurrent classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and noncurrent classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the Company's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as noncurrent.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as noncurrent.

#### w. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Those charged with governance make estimates and judgements during the preparation of these financial statements regarding assumptions about current and future events affecting transactions and balances. These estimates and judgements are based on the best information available at the time of preparing the financial statements, however as additional information is known then the actual results may differ from the estimates. The significant estimates and judgements made have been described below.

#### Estimation uncertainty

Information about estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided where applicable.

## Fair Value of Land and Buildings:

The Company has elected to use the revaluation model as its accounting policy in relation to land and buildings. AASB 116, *Property, Plant and Equipment*, requires that land and buildings be carried at a revalued amount, being its fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. It further requires that revaluations shall be made with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period. The frequency of revaluations depends upon the changes in fair values of the items of property, plant and equipment being revalued. The current COVID pandemic has created an environment where there is a significant judgement and estimation uncertainty with regards to estimating the fair value of land and buildings. Management and the board have determined that the commercial property assets will be valued at least once every three years, and all noncommercial land and buildings are valued annually using a mix of full valuation and indexation methodology. A rolling 12-month median of rental and capital value is used to determine fair value of land and buildings selected for valuation based on indexation methodology.

### Residual value of assets

There is an uncertainty around the useful life, residual values, and expected condition of the two commercial building assets used for running hotel accommodation business. Based on a consistent appreciation in value over years, management has exercised their judgement in determining that the residual value of both buildings will be likely to remain above cost/fair value whenever disposed of in the future and therefore no depreciation is calculated and recorded in the financial statements for these two buildings, including any subsequent building improvements from 1 June 2018.

#### 3 Revenue and other income

	Note	2021	2020
Revenue		\$	\$
Accommodation income		5,034,598	9,299,233
Donations		232,260	223,954
Food & beverage income		306,635	1,783,474
NDIS		2,484,643	1,871,368
Grant income		13,975,403	15,124,197
Other operating revenue		1,248,443	1,035,112
	_	23,281,982	29,337,338
Other income	-		
Interest and dividend income		1,053,232	402,696
Job Keeper subsidy		4,542,871	2,149,929
Refund of stamp duty from NSW State Revenue	3(a)	3,419,083	-
Sundry income		42,234	54,987
	- -	9,057,420	2,607,612
Total revenue and other income	- -	32,339,402	31,944,950
Disaggregation of revenue			
Geographical regions			
Australia		32,339,402	31,944,950

(a) YWCA undertook a Group reorganisation and asset transfer in May 2018. In this series of transactions, an amalgamation of 8 independent YWCA member associations within Australia was completed by way of Schemes of Arrangement entered into between each independent association and their members. Under the Schemes, the member associations transferred all the assets and liabilities to YWCA Australia. \$Nil consideration was paid for all these transfers.

As reported in the 2019 audited financial statements, YWCA Australia's application for exemption from stamp duty on the transfer of assets from YWCA NSW and YWCA Broken Hill to YWCA Australia as a result of the amalgamation (Application), had been disallowed by the Chief Commissioner (Decision). In August 2018, YWCA Australia lodged an objection to the Decision (Initial Objection), which was disallowed by the Chief Commissioner in September 2018.

The Chief Commissioner issued several Notices of Assessment (Assessments) to YWCA Australia seeking payment of stamp duty and interest in the sum of \$3,380,654.

On 21 December 2018, YWCA Australia lodged objections in relation to the Assessments (NoA Objections).

On 20 May 2019, the Chief Commissioner communicated to YWCA Australia its decision to disallow each of the NoA Objections. YWCA Australia commenced two Supreme Court of NSW proceedings seeking a review of the Chief Commissioner's decisions to disallow the Initial Objection and the NoA Objections.

In December 2020, the Supreme Court of NSW handed down judgement in YWCA Australia's favour. As a consequence of that judgment, YWCA Australia received a refund of \$3,419,083 on account of stamp duty that had been paid and interest. The Court also ordered that the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue pay YWCA Australia's costs of the proceedings. YWCA Australia is currently in the process of taking further steps in order to recover its entitlement to costs.

To comply with the requirements of relevant Accounting Standards, the receipt of refund has been recorded in the current year as other income.

## 4 Expenses

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Lapenses	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
Deficit before income tax includes the following specif	fic expenses:	•	•
Cost of sales:			
Cost of sales	-	3,818,869	4,736,044
Depreciation:			
Land and building		754,903	502,630
Computer, plant and equipment		431,790	276,193
Furniture, fixtures and fittings		566,749	495,581
Motor vehicles		74,075	114,333
Leasehold improvements		693	27,421
Plant and equipment right of use asset		52,908	47,030
Office suite right of use asset		653,794	718,277
Motor vehicle right of use asset	<u>-</u>	95,416	130,428
Total depreciation	11	2,630,328	2,311,893
Amortisation:			
Software	_	322,702	293,123
Total amortisation	10	322,702	293,123
Total depreciation and amortisation	-	2,953,030	2,605,016
Finance cost:			
Interest on borrowings		46,743	138,275
Interest on lease liabilities	_	31,812	54,687
Total finance cost		78,555	192,962
Superannuation expense:			
Defined contribution superannuation expense	_	1,278,142	1,523,172
Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash at bank and in hand		2,065,898	1,923,544
	=	2,065,898	1,923,544
Trade and other receivables			
CURRENT			
Trade receivables		431,887	753,010
Less: allowance for expected credit losses		(21,916)	
	_	409,971	753,010
Other receivables	6(a)	583,100	1,072,549
Total trade and other receivables	<del>-</del>	993,071	1,825,559
	=		

The carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

## YWCA Australia ACN 111 663 873

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Allowance for expected credit losses:

The Group has recognised a loss of \$21,916 in profit or loss in respect of the expected credit losses for the year ended 30 June 2021 (30 June 2020: \$nil).

The Group is closely monitoring debt recovery as there is an increased probability of customers delaying payment or being unable to pay, due to the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

(a) Other receivables as at 30 June 2020 include Job Keeper subsidy receivable for June 2020.

## 7 Inventories

	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
CURRENT			
At cost:			
Stock on hand - consumables		47,589	62,488
		47,589	62,488
At cost:	_ 	•	

Write downs of inventories to net realisable value during the year were \$nil (2020: \$nil).

## 8 Financial assets

### Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

	IRRENT	Г
$\circ$	'	

Financial assets	 5,101,455	1,495,295
	 5,101,455	1,495,295

#### Reconciliation:

Reconciliation of the fair values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Opening fair value	1,495,295	8,777,712
Additions	4,563,970	5,985,311
Disposals	(1,022,854)	(4,249,672)
Reclassification to noncurrent financial assets	-	(8,998,016)
Revaluation increments (decrements)	65,044	(20,040)
Closing fair value	5,101,455	1,495,295

The movement of investment between current and noncurrent in 2020 was based on the maturity dates of the investments as at the reporting date.

## **NONCURRENT**

Financial assets	8(a)	14,812,371	12,946,846
	_	14,812,371	12,946,846

(a) Financial assets are classified as noncurrent based on the board approved investment strategy being medium to long term and no intentions to liquidate the noncurrent portfolio in the short term.

## Reconciliation:

Reconciliation of the fair values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Opening fair value	12,946,846	4,529,348
Additions	4,046,030	9,232,826
Disposals	(4,104,057)	(9,478,497)
Reclassification from current financial asset	-	8,998,016
Revaluation increments (decrements)	1,923,552	(334,847)
Closing fair value	14,812,371	12,946,846

The movement of investment between current and noncurrent in 2020 was based on the maturity dates of the investments as at the reporting date.

9	Other assets		
	CURRENT		
	Prepayments	221,536	178,591
	Bonds and deposits	119,952	126,900
		341,488	305,491
10	Intangibles		
	Software		
	Balance at beginning of year	1,189,488	1,033,587
	Additions	503,322	441,948
	Disposal/write off	-	(286,047)
	Balance at end of year	1,692,810	1,189,488
	Accumulated amortisation:		_
	Balance at beginning of year	(297,173)	(158,251)
	Amortisation	(322,702)	(293,123)
	Disposal/write off	-	154,201
	Balance at end of year	(619,875)	(297,173)
	Net carrying value	1,072,935	892,315

## 11 Property, plant and equipment

Capital works in progress         \$         \$           Land and buildings – at independent valuation         77,076,488         82,453,040           Plant and equipment – at cost         3,965,859         3,869,066           Less: accumulated depreciation         (1,646,394)         (1,214,604)           Eurniture, fixture and fittings – at cost         3,736,788         3,622,717           Less: accumulated depreciation         (2,937,318)         (2,370,569)           Motor vehicles – at cost         582,975         598,688           Less: accumulated depreciation         (546,060)         (471,985)           Leasehold improvements – at cost         44,916         44,916           Less: accumulated depreciation         (44,679)         (43,986)           Equipment – right of use         153,150         147,294           Less: accumulated depreciation         (99,938)         (47,030)           Office suite – right of use         2,984,150         2,342,105           Less: accumulated depreciation         (1,372,072)         (718,277           Motor vehicles – right of use         346,501         238,969           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)           Motor vehicles – right of use         346,501         238,969		2021	2020
Land and buildings – at independent valuation   77,076,488   82,453,040		\$	\$
Plant and equipment – at cost   3,965,859   3,869,066   Less: accumulated depreciation   (1,646,394)   (1,214,604)   (2,319,465   2,654,462   (2,319,465   2,654,462   (2,937,318)   (2,370,569)   (2,937,318)   (2,370,569)   (2,937,318)   (2,370,569)   (2,937,318)   (2,370,569)   (2,937,318)   (2,370,569)   (3,270,569)   (	Capital works in progress	109,738	755,918
Plant and equipment – at cost   3,965,859   3,869,066   Less: accumulated depreciation   (1,646,394)   (1,214,604)   (2,319,465   2,654,462   (2,319,465   2,654,462   (2,937,318)   (2,370,569)   (2,937,318)   (2,370,569)   (2,937,318)   (2,370,569)   (2,937,318)   (2,370,569)   (2,937,318)   (2,370,569)   (3,270,569)   (			
Less: accumulated depreciation         (1,646,394)         (1,214,604)           2,319,465         2,654,462           Furniture, fixture and fittings – at cost         3,736,788         3,622,717           Less: accumulated depreciation         (2,937,318)         (2,370,569)           799,470         1,252,148           Motor vehicles – at cost         582,975         598,688           Less: accumulated depreciation         (546,060)         (471,985)           36,915         126,703           Leasehold improvements – at cost         44,916         44,916           Less: accumulated depreciation         (44,679)         (43,986)           237         930           Equipment – right of use         153,150         147,294           Less: accumulated depreciation         (99,938)         (47,030)           53,212         100,264           Office suite – right of use         2,984,150         2,342,105           Less: accumulated depreciation         (1,372,072)         (718,277)           1,612,078         1,623,828           Motor vehicles – right of use         346,501         238,969           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)	Land and buildings – at independent valuation	77,076,488	82,453,040
Less: accumulated depreciation         (1,646,394)         (1,214,604)           2,319,465         2,654,462           Furniture, fixture and fittings – at cost         3,736,788         3,622,717           Less: accumulated depreciation         (2,937,318)         (2,370,569)           799,470         1,252,148           Motor vehicles – at cost         582,975         598,688           Less: accumulated depreciation         (546,060)         (471,985)           36,915         126,703           Leasehold improvements – at cost         44,916         44,916           Less: accumulated depreciation         (44,679)         (43,986)           237         930           Equipment – right of use         153,150         147,294           Less: accumulated depreciation         (99,938)         (47,030)           53,212         100,264           Office suite – right of use         2,984,150         2,342,105           Less: accumulated depreciation         (1,372,072)         (718,277)           1,612,078         1,623,828           Motor vehicles – right of use         346,501         238,969           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)			
Purniture, fixture and fittings – at cost   3,736,788   3,622,717	·		
Furniture, fixture and fittings – at cost         3,736,788         3,622,717           Less: accumulated depreciation         (2,937,318)         (2,370,569)           799,470         1,252,148           Motor vehicles – at cost         582,975         598,688           Less: accumulated depreciation         (546,060)         (471,985)           Leasehold improvements – at cost         44,916         44,916           Less: accumulated depreciation         (44,679)         (43,986)           Equipment – right of use         153,150         147,294           Less: accumulated depreciation         (99,938)         (47,030)           53,212         100,264           Office suite – right of use         2,984,150         2,342,105           Less: accumulated depreciation         (1,372,072)         (718,277)           1,612,078         1,623,828           Motor vehicles – right of use         346,501         238,969           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)	Less: accumulated depreciation		
Less: accumulated depreciation         (2,937,318)         (2,370,569)           799,470         1,252,148           Motor vehicles – at cost         582,975         598,688           Less: accumulated depreciation         (546,060)         (471,985)           36,915         126,703           Leasehold improvements – at cost         44,916         44,916           Less: accumulated depreciation         (44,679)         (43,986)           237         930           Equipment – right of use         153,150         147,294           Less: accumulated depreciation         (99,938)         (47,030)           53,212         100,264           Office suite – right of use         2,984,150         2,342,105           Less: accumulated depreciation         (1,372,072)         (718,277)           1,612,078         1,623,828           Motor vehicles – right of use         346,501         238,969           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)		2,319,465	2,654,462
Less: accumulated depreciation         (2,937,318)         (2,370,569)           799,470         1,252,148           Motor vehicles – at cost         582,975         598,688           Less: accumulated depreciation         (546,060)         (471,985)           36,915         126,703           Leasehold improvements – at cost         44,916         44,916           Less: accumulated depreciation         (44,679)         (43,986)           237         930           Equipment – right of use         153,150         147,294           Less: accumulated depreciation         (99,938)         (47,030)           53,212         100,264           Office suite – right of use         2,984,150         2,342,105           Less: accumulated depreciation         (1,372,072)         (718,277)           1,612,078         1,623,828           Motor vehicles – right of use         346,501         238,969           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)			
Motor vehicles – at cost         582,975         598,688           Less: accumulated depreciation         (546,060)         (471,985)           36,915         126,703           Leasehold improvements – at cost         44,916         44,916           Less: accumulated depreciation         (44,679)         (43,986)           237         930           Equipment – right of use         153,150         147,294           Less: accumulated depreciation         (99,938)         (47,030)           53,212         100,264           Office suite – right of use         2,984,150         2,342,105           Less: accumulated depreciation         (1,372,072)         (718,277)           1,612,078         1,623,828           Motor vehicles – right of use         346,501         238,969           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)	-		
Motor vehicles – at cost         582,975         598,688           Less: accumulated depreciation         (546,060)         (471,985)           36,915         126,703           Leasehold improvements – at cost         44,916         44,916           Less: accumulated depreciation         (44,679)         (43,986)           237         930           Equipment – right of use         153,150         147,294           Less: accumulated depreciation         (99,938)         (47,030)           53,212         100,264           Office suite – right of use         2,984,150         2,342,105           Less: accumulated depreciation         (1,372,072)         (718,277)           1,612,078         1,623,828           Motor vehicles – right of use         346,501         238,969           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)	Less: accumulated depreciation		
Less: accumulated depreciation         (546,060)         (471,985)           36,915         126,703           Leasehold improvements – at cost         44,916         44,916           Less: accumulated depreciation         (44,679)         (43,986)           237         930           Equipment – right of use         153,150         147,294           Less: accumulated depreciation         (99,938)         (47,030)           53,212         100,264           Office suite – right of use         2,984,150         2,342,105           Less: accumulated depreciation         (1,372,072)         (718,277)           1,612,078         1,623,828           Motor vehicles – right of use         346,501         238,969           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)		799,470	1,252,148
Less: accumulated depreciation         (546,060)         (471,985)           36,915         126,703           Leasehold improvements – at cost         44,916         44,916           Less: accumulated depreciation         (44,679)         (43,986)           237         930           Equipment – right of use         153,150         147,294           Less: accumulated depreciation         (99,938)         (47,030)           53,212         100,264           Office suite – right of use         2,984,150         2,342,105           Less: accumulated depreciation         (1,372,072)         (718,277)           1,612,078         1,623,828           Motor vehicles – right of use         346,501         238,969           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)           Less: accumulated depreciation         (225,844)         (130,428)		500.075	
Leasehold improvements – at cost       44,916       44,916         Less: accumulated depreciation       (44,679)       (43,986)         Equipment – right of use       153,150       147,294         Less: accumulated depreciation       (99,938)       (47,030)         53,212       100,264         Office suite – right of use       2,984,150       2,342,105         Less: accumulated depreciation       (1,372,072)       (718,277)         1,612,078       1,623,828         Motor vehicles – right of use       346,501       238,969         Less: accumulated depreciation       (225,844)       (130,428)         Less: accumulated depreciation       (225,844)       (130,428)			
Leasehold improvements – at cost       44,916       44,916         Less: accumulated depreciation       (44,679)       (43,986)         237       930         Equipment – right of use       153,150       147,294         Less: accumulated depreciation       (99,938)       (47,030)         53,212       100,264         Office suite – right of use       2,984,150       2,342,105         Less: accumulated depreciation       (1,372,072)       (718,277)         1,612,078       1,623,828         Motor vehicles – right of use       346,501       238,969         Less: accumulated depreciation       (225,844)       (130,428)         Less: accumulated depreciation       (225,844)       (130,428)	Less: accumulated depreciation		
Less: accumulated depreciation       (44,679)       (43,986)         237       930         Equipment – right of use       153,150       147,294         Less: accumulated depreciation       (99,938)       (47,030)         53,212       100,264         Office suite – right of use       2,984,150       2,342,105         Less: accumulated depreciation       (1,372,072)       (718,277)         1,612,078       1,623,828         Motor vehicles – right of use       346,501       238,969         Less: accumulated depreciation       (225,844)       (130,428)         Less: accumulated depreciation       120,657       108,541		36,915	126,703
Less: accumulated depreciation       (44,679)       (43,986)         237       930         Equipment – right of use       153,150       147,294         Less: accumulated depreciation       (99,938)       (47,030)         53,212       100,264         Office suite – right of use       2,984,150       2,342,105         Less: accumulated depreciation       (1,372,072)       (718,277)         1,612,078       1,623,828         Motor vehicles – right of use       346,501       238,969         Less: accumulated depreciation       (225,844)       (130,428)         Less: accumulated depreciation       120,657       108,541	Land Hilliam and Art A	44.040	44.040
Equipment – right of use 153,150 147,294 Less: accumulated depreciation (99,938) (47,030)  53,212 100,264  Office suite – right of use 2,984,150 2,342,105 Less: accumulated depreciation (1,372,072) (718,277)  1,612,078 1,623,828  Motor vehicles – right of use 346,501 238,969 Less: accumulated depreciation (225,844) (130,428)  120,657 108,541	•		
Equipment – right of use 153,150 147,294 Less: accumulated depreciation (99,938) (47,030)  53,212 100,264  Office suite – right of use 2,984,150 2,342,105 Less: accumulated depreciation (1,372,072) (718,277)  1,612,078 1,623,828  Motor vehicles – right of use 346,501 238,969 Less: accumulated depreciation (225,844) (130,428)  120,657 108,541	Less: accumulated depreciation		_
Less: accumulated depreciation       (99,938)       (47,030)         53,212       100,264         Office suite – right of use       2,984,150       2,342,105         Less: accumulated depreciation       (1,372,072)       (718,277)         1,612,078       1,623,828         Motor vehicles – right of use       346,501       238,969         Less: accumulated depreciation       (225,844)       (130,428)         120,657       108,541		237	930
Less: accumulated depreciation       (99,938)       (47,030)         53,212       100,264         Office suite – right of use       2,984,150       2,342,105         Less: accumulated depreciation       (1,372,072)       (718,277)         1,612,078       1,623,828         Motor vehicles – right of use       346,501       238,969         Less: accumulated depreciation       (225,844)       (130,428)         120,657       108,541	Fauipment – right of use	153 150	147 294
53,212       100,264         Office suite – right of use       2,984,150       2,342,105         Less: accumulated depreciation       (1,372,072)       (718,277)         1,612,078       1,623,828         Motor vehicles – right of use       346,501       238,969         Less: accumulated depreciation       (225,844)       (130,428)         120,657       108,541			
Office suite – right of use       2,984,150       2,342,105         Less: accumulated depreciation       (1,372,072)       (718,277)         1,612,078       1,623,828         Motor vehicles – right of use       346,501       238,969         Less: accumulated depreciation       (225,844)       (130,428)         120,657       108,541	2000. documentate de procedutem		
Less: accumulated depreciation       (1,372,072)       (718,277)         1,612,078       1,623,828         Motor vehicles – right of use       346,501       238,969         Less: accumulated depreciation       (225,844)       (130,428)         120,657       108,541			,
Motor vehicles – right of use       346,501       238,969         Less: accumulated depreciation       (225,844)       (130,428)         120,657       108,541	Office suite – right of use	2,984,150	2,342,105
Motor vehicles – right of use 346,501 238,969 Less: accumulated depreciation (225,844) (130,428) 120,657 108,541	Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,372,072)	(718,277)
Less: accumulated depreciation (225,844) (130,428)  120,657 108,541		1,612,078	1,623,828
Less: accumulated depreciation (225,844) (130,428)  120,657 108,541			
120,657 108,541	Motor vehicles – right of use	346,501	238,969
	Less: accumulated depreciation	(225,844)	(130,428)
Total 82,128,260 89,075,834		120,657	108,541
Total 82,128,260 89,075,834			
	Total	82,128,260	89,075,834

## Reconciliations:

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Consolidated year ended 30 June 2021	Note	Capital Works In Progress	Land and Buildings	Plant and Equipment	Furniture, Fixtures and Fittings	Motor Vehicles	Leasehold Improvements	Right of use asset: Equipment	Right of use asset: Office Suite	Right of use asset: Motor Vehicle	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at the beginning of year		755,918	82,453,040	2,654,462	1,252,148	126,703	930	100,264	1,623,828	108,541	89,075,834
Additions as per AASB 16		-	-	-	-	-	-	5,856	642,045	107,532	755,433
Additions		109,738	1,071,906	25,252	76,821	-	-	-	-	-	1,283,717
Disposals		-	-	-	-	(13,068)	-	-	-	-	(13,068)
Write-off		-	-	-	-	(2,645)	-	-	-	-	(2,645)
Reclassification		(755,919)	647,128	71,541	37,249	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation expense		-	(754,903)	(431,790)	(566,749)	(74,075)	(693)	(52,908)	(653,794)	(95,416)	(2,630,328)
Net decrease on revaluation	11(a)	-	(6,340,683)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,340,683)
Balance at the end of year		109,738	77,076,488	2,319,465	799,469	36,915	237	53,212	1,612,079	120,657	82,128,260

Consolidated year ended 30 June 2020		Capital Works In Progress \$	Land and Buildings \$	Plant and Equipment \$	Furniture, Fixtures and Fittings \$	Motor Vehicles \$	Leasehold Improvements \$	Right of use asset: Equipment \$	Right of use asset: Office Suite \$	Right of use asset: Motor Vehicle \$	Total \$
Balance at the beginning of year		315,116	82,919,705	2,391,877	1,596,424	241,036	28,351	-	-	-	87,492,509
Adaption of AASB 16	11(b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	147,294	2,342,105	238,969	2,728,368
Additions		440,802	35,965	538,778	151,305	-	-	-	-	-	1,166,850
Depreciation expense		-	(502,630)	(276,193)	(495,581)	(114,333)	(27,421)	(47,030)	(718,277)	(130,428)	(2,311,893)
Balance at the end of year		755,918	82,453,040	2,654,462	1,252,148	126,703	930	100,264	1,623,828	108,541	89,075,834

(a) All commercial and non-commercial land and buildings were fair valued in June 2021. The fair values were determined predominantly by Jones Lang LaSalle Advisory Services Pty Ltd in conjunction with the executive management. Full inspections were carried out on 13 properties, the remainder were either desktop valued or subject to indexation of previous values. Where necessary, a sample inspection was carried out on multi-unit complexes, in order to determine quality and condition of assets, as well as relying upon accommodation details provided within previous valuations of each property. The asset revaluation has been conducted in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards, including AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement and AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment, as well as International Valuation Standards (IVS 2017). The value of all commercial land and buildings decreased by \$10,296,042 and value of all non-commercial land and buildings increased by \$3,955,359, resulting in a net decrease in fair value of total land and buildings by \$6,340,683. The substantial decrease in value of commercial land and buildings mostly relates to decrease in value of land and building located at 5-11 Wentworth Avenue Surry Hills NSW (Song Sydney hotel).

The Sydney accommodation market relies more heavily on international tourism. Due to COVID the market has experienced 56.9% drop in revenue per available room (RevPAR) from pre-COVID levels. The pace of recovery is expected to be slow, and the market remains vulnerable to further outbreaks. This has direct impact on future net income potential and as a result, the values have generally moderated from pre-COVID levels by between 10% to 20%. The extent of impairment is highly dependent on type of hotel, market, business mix, reliance on international tourism, meetings and conference business, capital requirements, quality of management as well as operating structure and other factors.

(b) Additions to the right-of-use assets in 2020 were \$2,728,368 as a result of the adoption of AASB 16, Leases. The Company leases land and buildings for its offices under agreements of between 3 to 5 years with, in some cases, options to extend. The leases have various escalation clauses. On renewal, the terms of the leases are renegotiated. The Company also leases motor vehicles under agreements of between 3 to 7 years. The Company leases office equipment under agreements of less than two years. These leases are either short-term or low-value, so have been expensed as incurred and not capitalised as right-of-use assets.

## YWCA Australia ACN 111 663 873

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### Security

At 30 June 2021, a property carried at a value of \$32m is subject to first registered mortgage to secure a business loan facility of \$8.4m (Loan facility \$8.2m and bank guarantee \$200K).

## Independent valuations of interest in land and buildings

In assessing current values for the Company's interest in property, plant and equipment, the directors have relied upon independent valuations from registered qualified valuers.

#### Measurement of fair values

Amounts disclosed above represent the fair value of the Company's interests in property, plant and equipment as determined at the time of the most recent independent valuation report.

Independent registered qualified valuers were engaged to perform the valuations. The values are determined based on the highest and best use of each property. In all cases, the existing use is the highest and best use, and values are determined on a going concern basis. Going concern value is based on capitalisation, discounted cash flows and direct comparison methodologies, and significant unobservable inputs including the forecast net income for each property, the capitalisation and discount rates used in determining fair value, and the comparison rates used.

In the valuations performed on 30 June 2021, the capitalisation rates utilised ranged from 4% to 6% and the pre-tax discount rates utilised ranged from 7% to 12% per annum. For direct comparison methodology, reference was made to recent sales of similar properties in similar locations, improvements, trading levels and profitability.

## Most recent valuations of interest in Property, plant and equipment

Freehold land, buildings and improvements were last valued on 30 June 2021.

### 12 Trade and other payables

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
CURRENT		
Trade payables	465,525	694,076
GST payable	228,558	346,987
Other payables	1,535,936	1,698,892
	2,230,019	2,739,955

Trade and other payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 30 days. The carrying value of trade and other payables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

## 13 Employee benefits

CURRENT		
Long service leave	204,678	223,473
Provision for employee benefits	1,013,397	1,147,297
	1,218,075	1,370,770
NONCURRENT		
Long service leave	415,556	508,818
	415,556	508,818

#### 14 Contract liabilities

	2021 \$	2020 \$
CURRENT	•	•
Grant income deferred	2,895,790	2,699,328
Income received in advance		348,130
	2,895,790	3,047,458
Reconciliation Reconciliation of the values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:		
Opening balance	3,047,458	2,488,199
Payments received	13,823,735	15,632,425
Transfer from reserves	-	51,031
Transferred to revenue – performance obligations satisfied	(13,975,403)	(15,124,197)
Closing balance	2,895,790	3,047,458

## **Unsatisfied performance obligations**

The closing amount of contract liabilities represent transaction price allocated to the performance obligations that are unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period and is expected to be recognised as revenue in future periods as follows:

_ 1.0 00	2,895,790	3,047,458
24 to 36 months	376.000	305.536
12 to 24 months	492,347	468,903
Within 12 months	2,027,443	2,273,019

## 15 Borrowings

NONCURRENT		
Secured liabilities:		
Bank loan	2,204,413	5,712,422
Total noncurrent borrowings	2,204,413	5,712,422
Total borrowings	2,204,413	5,712,422

#### a. Security

The bank loan with a total variable interest only drawdown facility of \$8.2 million is secured by registered first mortgage over a non-residential real property located at 5-11 Wentworth Avenue, Sydney NSW and first ranking charge over other assets being a going concern business operated from the subject property. The amount of unused facility as of 30 June 2021 is \$5.99m (30 June 2020: \$2.49m). The facility expires on 29 August 2022, with a 3-year term. The initial interest rate of the loan facility was 3.98% and the interest rate as at the reporting date is 2.35%.

The current facility limit of the bank guarantee is \$200,000. The interest rate is 2% per annum. The amount of unused facility as at 30 June 2021 is \$5,500 (30 June 2020: \$5,500).

## b. Business card facility

The Company has an unsecured business card facility of \$100,000. The amount utilised is repayable on a monthly basis.

## YWCA Australia ACN 111 663 873 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### 16 Reserves

	Note	2021	2020
		\$	\$
Financial asset reserve		3,142,903	1,478,484
Trust and tied funds reserve	16(a)	2,000,782	1,676,605
		5,143,685	3,155,089

The financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income reserve is used to recognise increments and decrements in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

a. Trust and tied funds represent bequests and special purpose donations received from time to time. The YWCA Australia Board has agreed to report Trust and tied funds in the Statement of Changes in Equity, along with any Reserves operating during the course of the financial year. The changes to the Statement of Changes in Equity ensure transparent reporting and enable the Board to ensure that the terms and conditions of bequests and tied funds are being met. Upon request, Members can receive information on the purpose of each Fund named in the Trust and Tied Funds.

Alice Springs Fund	300,671	251,955
Bayliss Reserve Fund	149,544	125,314
Bess Carr Memorial Fund	71,509	59,923
Elizabeth Ashton Memorial Fund	47,958	40,188
IV Morrow Memorial Fund	5,988	5,018
Margaret Davey Estate Fund	61,866	51,842
Margaret Davey Memorial Fund	93,588	78,424
Member Association Support Fund	119,570	100,197
Member and Staff Development Fund	118,490	99,292
Overseas Aid Fund	17,483	14,651
Polykarpou Fund	247,543	207,435
Regional Development Fund	565,952	474,253
Una Porter Memorial Fund	115,443	96,738
Violet Fay Memorial Fund	36,158	30,299
Wood Scholarship Memorial Fund	49,019	41,076
	2,000,782	1,676,605

### 17 Financial risk management

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial risks through its use of financial instruments.

The Group's overall risk management plan seeks to minimise potential adverse effects due to the unpredictability of financial markets.

The most significant financial risks to which the Group is exposed to are described below:

#### Specific risks

- Liquidity risk
- Credit risk
- Market risk interest rate risk and price risks.

#### Financial instruments used

The principal categories of financial instrument used by the Group are:

- Trade receivables
- Cash at bank
- Bank overdraft
- Investments in listed shares
- Trade and other payables
- Floating rate bank loans

	Note	2021	2020
Financial assets		\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	5	2,065,898	1,923,544
Trade receivables including provision for impairment	6	409,971	753,010
Financial assets at fair value through OCI (current)	8	5,101,455	1,495,295
Financial assets at fair value through OCI (noncurrent)	8	14,812,371	12,946,846
Total financial assets	<del>-</del>	22,389,695	17,118,695
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	12	2,230,019	2,739,955
Borrowings	15	2,204,413	5,712,422
Total financial liabilities	_	4,434,432	8,452,377

## Objectives, policies and processes

Those charged with governance have overall responsibility for the establishment of the Group's financial risk management framework. This includes the development of policies covering specific areas such as interest rate risk, credit risk and price risk.

Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities.

The day-to-day risk management is carried out by the Group's finance function under policies and objectives previously set and reviewed from time to time. The Chief Financial Officer has been delegated the authority for designing and implementing processes which follow the objectives and policies. This includes monitoring the levels of exposure to interest rate risk and assessment of market forecasts for interest rates.

Those charged with governance receive monthly reports which provide details of the effectiveness of the processes and policies in place. Mitigation strategies for specific risks faced are described below:

## YWCA Australia ACN 111 663 873 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Group's management of working capital and the finance charges and principal repayments on its debt instruments. It is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Group's policy is to ensure that it will always have sufficient cash to allow it to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due. The Group maintains cash and marketable securities to meet its liquidity requirements for up to 30-day periods. Funding for long-term liquidity needs is additionally secured by an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to sell long-term financial assets.

The Group manages its liquidity needs by carefully monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for long-term financial liabilities as well as cash-outflows due in day-to-day business.

Liquidity needs are monitored in various time bands, on a day-to-day and week-to-week basis, as well as on the basis of a rolling 30-day projection. Long-term liquidity needs for a 180-day and a 360-day period are identified monthly. At the reporting date, these reports indicate that the Group expected to have sufficient liquid resources to meet its obligations under all reasonably expected circumstances and will not need to draw down any of the financing facilities.

Financial guarantee liabilities are treated as payable on demand since the Group has no control over the timing of any potential settlement of the liabilities.

The table below reflect maturity analysis for financial assets.

## YWCA Australia ACN 111 663 873 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Financial assets - cash flows receivable

Cash and cash equivalents

Trade, term and loans receivables

Financial assets at fair value through OCI (current)

Financial assets at fair value through OCI (noncurrent)

Total anticipated inflows

Floating int	Floating interest rate		Within 1 year		1 to 5 years		tal
2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2,065,898	1,923,544	-	-	-	-	2,065,898	1,923,544
-	-	409,971	753,010	-	-	409,971	753,010
-	-	5,101,455	1,495,295	-	-	5,101,455	1,495,295
-	-	-	-	14,812,371	12,946,846	14,812,371	12,946,846
2,065,898	1,923,544	5,511,426	2,248,305	14,812,371	12,946,846	22,389,695	17,118,695

The table below reflects an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for financial liabilities.

Financial liability maturity analysis - Non-derivative

## Financial liabilities due for payment

Trade and other payables

Borrowings

Total contractual outflows

Within 1	Within 1 year		Over 1 year		tal
2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2,230,019	2,739,955	-	-	2,230,019	2,739,955
-	-	2,204,413	5,712,422	2,204,413	5,712,422
2,230,019	2,739,955	2,204,413	5,712,422	4,434,432	8,452,377

The timing of expected outflows is not expected to be materially different from contracted cashflows.

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#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group.

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, financial instruments and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposure to customers, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions.

The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The utilisation of credit limits by customers is regularly monitored by line management. Customers who subsequently fail to meet their credit terms are required to make purchases on a prepayment basis until creditworthiness can be re-established.

Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable.

Management considers that all the financial assets that are not impaired for each of the reporting dates under review are of good credit quality, including those that are past due.

The credit risk for liquid funds and other short-term financial assets is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

As disclosed in Note 6, the Group is closely monitoring debt recovery as there is an increased probability of customers delaying payment or being unable to pay, due to the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices & interest rates.

#### (i) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk as funds are borrowed at variable interest rates. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

The Group's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. Longer-term borrowings are therefore usually at fixed rates. At the reporting date, the Group is exposed to changes in market interest rates through its bank borrowings, which are subject to variable interest rates.

#### (ii) Price risk

Price risk relates to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices of securities held being fair value through other comprehensive income.

Such risk is managed through diversification of investments across industries and geographic locations.

## 18 Members' guarantee

YWCA Australia is a company limited by guarantee. In the event of, and for the purpose of winding up of the Company, the amount capable of being called up from each member and any person who ceased to be a member in the year prior to the winding up, is limited to \$10, subject to the provisions of the Company's constitution.

#### 19 Auditor's remuneration

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Remuneration of the auditor:		
RSM	69,000	67,000
Non assurance service:		
RSM	-	109,955
	69,000	176,955

#### 20 Fair value measurement

The Group measures the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Land and buildings
- Financial assets

## Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a level in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The table below shows the assigned level for each asset and liability held at fair value by the Group:

	Note	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
30 June 2021		\$	\$	\$	\$
Recurring fair value measurements	•				
Land and buildings	11	-	-	77,076,488	77,076,488
Financial assets at fair value – current	8	5,101,455	-	-	5,101,455
Financial assets at fair value – noncurrent	8	14,812,371	-	-	14,812,371
		19,913,826	-	77,076,488	96,990,314
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
30 June 2020		\$	\$	\$	\$
Recurring fair value measurements	•				
Land and buildings	11	-	-	82,453,040	82,453,040
Financial assets at fair value – current	8	1,495,295	-	-	1,495,295
Financial assets at fair value – noncurrent	8	12,946,846	-	-	12,946,846
	•	14,442,141		82,453,040	96,895,181

## Transfers between levels of the hierarchy

There were no transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy.

## Highest and best use

The current use of each asset measured at fair value is considered to be its highest and best use.

#### 21 Interests in subsidiaries

## **Composition of the Group**

Principle place of business/country of incorporation	Percentage control/ interest (%)* 2021	Percentage control/ interest (%)* 2020
Australia Australia	100 100	100 100
	business/country of incorporation  Australia	business/country of incorporation control/ interest (%)* 2021  Australia 100

<sup>\*</sup>The percentage of control/interest held is equivalent to the percentage of voting rights for all subsidiaries.

## 22 Contingencies

#### The National Redress Scheme

The National Redress Scheme is the scheme created as a result of the Royal Commission into Institutional Responses to Child Sexual Abuse – through the National Redress Scheme for Institutional Child Sexual Abuse Act 2018 ("the Act"). Among other things, it is designed to provide redress under the scheme which consists of: a monetary payment to survivors as a tangible means of recognising the wrong survivors have suffered; and a counselling and psychological component which, depending on where the survivor lives, consists of access to counselling and psychological services or a monetary payment; and a direct personal response to survivors from the participating institutions responsible.

In 2020, the Company decided to join the Scheme. As part of determining the Company's participation in the scheme, an estimate had to be made of the amounts which would be payable to survivors of abuse if the survivors were to make a claim to the Scheme. While the Commonwealth is liable to bear the initial costs of paying redress payments and the counselling and psychological component of redress under the scheme, as well as the administration of the scheme; the Company will be liable to pay funding contribution to reimburse the Commonwealth for their share of those costs.

As at 30 June 2021, the full scope of participating institutions under the National Redress Scheme, and the resulting level of financial payments are highly uncertain. As a result, the financial liability to the Commonwealth for monetary payments that will be made under this Act cannot be reliably measured.

## Recovery of cost of proceedings – Court Case: YWCA Australia vs Chief Commissioner of NSW State Revenue

As disclosed in the 2019 financial statements, YWCA Australia undertook a Group reorganisation and asset transfer, and no consideration was paid for all these transfers. The Group was involved in litigation with the Chief Commissioner of NSW State Revenue (Commissioner) in the Supreme Court of NSW in relation to stamp duty and interest in relation to the transfer of certain assets as part of the Group Reorganisation. On 15 December 2020, the Supreme Court of NSW handed down judgment in favour of YWCA Australia, resulting in "other income" of \$3,419,083 which has been disclosed in Note 3 of the financial statements. In addition to the recovery of the stamp duty and interest, the Supreme Court ordered that the Commissioner pay YWCA Australia's costs of the Supreme Court of NSW proceedings. As YWCA's Australia's entitlement to costs has not yet been agreed or assessed, the quantification and disclosure of any additional information regarding that entitlement to costs is expected to prejudice seriously the position of the Company and consequently no additional information as to that entitlement to costs has been disclosed.

## YWCA National Housing (the subsidiary)

Under the terms of a capital assistance grant dated May 2009, the Queensland Government Department of Communities (the "Department") has an interest in the subsidiary's property at 112 Mary Street, Toowoomba equivalent to the current value of the funded buildings in the event that the subsidiary ceases to use the property for the purpose of providing community housing. The Department's interest in the property is reduced annually by a 2% return of equity to the subsidiary. Under this agreement the Department have an interest in the Betty Willis building and the Hoffman Wadley building at 112 Mary Street of 80% as at 30 June 2021. These assets were subject to

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#### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

independent valuation on 30 June 2021, with assessed fair value of \$1,965,897. The estimated value of the contingent liability at 30 June 2021 is therefore \$1,572,718.

Under the terms of a capital assistance grant dated December 2009, the Department also has an interest in the subsidiary's property at 162 Denham Street, Townsville on the same basis as described for the Toowoomba property above. The Department's equity interest in the property at 30 June 2021 is 81%. The property has been independently valued at \$4,480,000 on 30 June 2021. The estimated value of the contingent liability at 30 June 2021 is therefore \$3,628,800.

As a condition of these capital assistance grant funding agreements, the Queensland Government has a first registered mortgage over the property at both 112 Mary Street, Toowoomba and 162 Denham Street, Townsville.

The subsidiary has no intention to stop using the properties for community housing and therefore the above balances are only regarded as contingent liabilities at the year end.

In the opinion of those charged with governance, other than the matters stated above, the Company did not have any other contingencies as at 30 June 2021 (30 June 2020: None).

## 23 Related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

The Company provides office facilities, management and direct service staff to its subsidiary entities under a Contract for Services. Transactions between the Company and its subsidiary entities under the Contract for Services were:

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Fee for provision of staff resources, office space and administration services		
- YWCA Housing	1,124,447	952,354
- YWCA National Housing	319,096	399,958
	1,443,543	1,352,312

The Company also leases an office space from YWCA National Housing on commercial terms.

D 46 66 114 2040A21 11 11 1	=0.000	=0.000
Rent for office space paid to YWCA National Housing	73.992	72.000

## 24 Key management personnel remuneration

Key management personnel remuneration included within employee expenses for the year is shown below:

Short-term employee benefits	1,419,992	1,683,010
Long-term employee benefits	146,625	282,369
	1,566,617	1,965,379

Key management personnel include the Chief Executive Officer and all Executive Managers who report to the Chief Executive Officer.

## 25 Capital and leasing commitments

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Capital commitments:		
- not later than one year	-	1,008,554
	-	1,008,554

Capital commitments in 2020 related to an affordable housing construction project in Bendigo, Victoria owned by the Company's subsidiary - YWCA Housing. The construction commenced in December 2019 and completed in April 2021.

Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases:

- not later than one year	27,471	56,977
- between one year and five years	-	-
	27,471	56,977

Operating leases are in place for office space, motor vehicles and equipment and normally have a term between 1 and 5 years. Lease payments are increased on an annual basis to reflect market rentals. Current year leasing commitments relate to low-value assets leases that are not recognised as a right-of-use asset under AASB 16.

#### 26 Cash flow information

## Reconciliation of result for the year to cashflows from operating activities

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Deficit for the year	(3,298,229)	(2,935,314)
Non-cash items in deficit:		
- depreciation and amortisation	2,953,030	2,605,016
- loss on disposal of intangibles	-	131,846
- gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1,560)	-
- loss on revaluation of land and buildings	6,340,683	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- (increase) decrease in trade and other receivables	832,488	(1,072,643)
- (increase) decrease in other assets	(35,997)	22,107
- (increase) decrease in inventories	14,899	18,725
- increase (decrease) in income in advance	(151,668)	559,259
- decrease in trade and other payables	(509,936)	(607,336)
- increase (decrease) in provisions	(245,957)	20,035
Cashflows from operations	5,897,753	(1,258,305)

## 27 Parent entity information

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Current assets	18,779,075	14,510,674
Noncurrent assets	77,247,663	86,588,618
Total assets	96,026,738	101,099,292
Current liabilities	10,532,046	6,941,973
Noncurrent liabilities	3,781,345	7,445,060
Total liabilities	14,313,391	14,387,033
Net assets	81,713,347	86,712,259
Reserves	5,118,419	3,175,128
Retained surpluses	76,594,928	83,537,131
Total equity	81,713,347	86,712,259
Revenue	28,401,881	28,280,685
Expenses	(35,344,088)	(31,431,668)
Deficit for the year	(6,942,207)	(3,150,983)
Total comprehensive loss	(4,998,916)	(3,485,830)

## 28 Events after the end of the reporting period

The consolidated financial report was authorised for issue on 14 October 2021 by those charged with governance.

The Company entered into an agreement of sale for its property located at 179 Cleveland Street, Redfern for the sum of \$15,050,000 and executed a Put and Call Option Deed on 7 November 2019. The carrying value of the property is \$11,500,000. The purchaser exercised the Call option to purchase the property on 6 August 2020 and paid a 10% deposit. The Contract for Sale and Purchase of the property was exchanged on 26 August 2020. The purchaser paid an extension fee equal to 5% of the purchase price on 30 September 2020 and another 10% of the purchase price on 6 April 2021. The final settlement occurred on 6 August 2021.

The impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic is ongoing and while it has had negative financial impact during the year, it is not practicable to estimate the potential impact, positive or negative, after the reporting date. The situation is frequently changing and is dependent on measures imposed by the Australian Government and other countries, such as vaccination, maintaining social distancing requirements, quarantine, travel restrictions and any economic stimulus that may be provided.

Except for the above, no other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or could significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

## 29 Statutory information

The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is:

YWCA Australia Level 1, 210 Kings Way South Melbourne VIC 3205

## YWCA Australia ACN 111 663 873 Directors' Declaration

#### **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached consolidated financial statements and notes comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Australian Accounting Standards, the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, the Corporations Regulations 2001, relevant state/territory Fundraising Acts and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached consolidated financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 1 to the financial statements;
- the attached consolidated financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Director: Helen Conway

Director: Lina Tchung

Dated this day 14th day of October 2021



#### **RSM Australia Partners**

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of YWCA Australia

Level 13, 60 Castlereagh Street Sydney NSW 2000 GPO Box 5138 Sydney NSW 2001

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## Opinion

We have audited the financial report of YWCA Australia ('the Company') and its subsidiaries ('the Group'), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2021 but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.





## Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <a href="http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\_responsibilities/ar4.pdf">http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\_responsibilities/ar4.pdf</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

**RSM Australia Partners** 

R5M

**Gary Sherwood** 

Partner

Sydney, NSW dated: 14 October 2021